

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. IV.]

WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1804.

[No. 1046.

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM

In hds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dpt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c. — Also,

A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kersemer, Duffins, Plaids, Kerseys, Negro Cottons, Seals, Blaists, blue Fries, Calimancoes, Russells, Yarn Stockings, Chintzes and Calico's, Irish Linens, Silks do. Osnaburghs and Tickenburghs, Mollin and Mollin Handkerchiefs, India Mollins and Table Cloths, Bandanna Handkerchiefs, Coloured Threads, Hats, and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

July 29.

JAMES BACON,

AT HIS GROCERY STORE,
King near Washington street,
Has just received from Philadelphia, New-York &c. an extensive selection of GROCERIES consisting of

Gunpowder, TEAS

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Pekoe Padra, Pouchong and Com's Souchong

Green coffee of superior quality, Loaf, Lump and Muscovado Sugar, W. India and Sugar House Molasses, Choice old Madeira, Particular Teneriffe, Sherry, Brussels, Lisbon, Malaga and Port

Claire in small cases, Cognac and Barcelona Brandy, Old Jamaica Spirits, Antigua, St. Croix, and St. Kitts

Bat Holland Gin, White Wine and Cyder Vinegar, B. & S. Sallad Oil, Salt Petre, Allum, Madder, Coperas & Brimstone.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves and Cassia, Cayenne and black Pepper, Allspice, rice and ground Ginger, Fig Blue and Poland Starch, Dixon's Mustard, Loper's and Hamilton's Snuff, Best Chewing Tobacco, Spanish Segars, Pearl Barley and Rice, Shot allsorts, F and F Gunpowder, Single and double Battle do. in papers and minsters, Gun and Pistols Flints, White and Brown Soap, Mould and dpt Candles, &c. &c.

As he has in a great measure laid

himself out for the supplying of private families, and in consequence thereof taken every pains

possible in the selection of his goods, he flatters

himself from their superior quality, and the low

prices at which he will dispose of them, to be able

to give satisfaction to those who will please

to favor him with their custom.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Intending to leave this place early next fall, offers for sale, on the most reasonable terms, his STOCK ON HAND, consisting of a handsome selection of

DRY GOODS

adapted to the present season. — All persons having claims against him are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to him will be pleased to make payment.

John Horburgh.

June 12.

ROBERT B. JAMESON,

Offers for Sale,

30,000 lbs. GREEN COFFEE,

18,000 do. Cocoa,

20 hds. Muscovado Sugar,

20 bags of Cotton,

20 punch's fine flavor'd St. Croix Rum,

20 hds. Molasses,

10 pipes Holland Gin,

30 qr. chests of fresh Teas assort'd,

10 pipes London P. Madeira

8 do. Old Port

4 do. P. Teneriffe

15 qr. casks Sherry, and

4 pipes Briffles

3 hds. green Copperas,

4 hds. Roll Brimstone,

2 hds. Madder,

2 hds. Allum, and

10 boxes Spanish Segars of different

qualities, with most other articles in the Grocery Line.

May 29.

OLD FRUIT STORE.

The Advertiser has for Sale, at his Store on Prince street, a variety of

Fruit—Nuts—Groceries, &c.

VIZ.

Fresh LEMONS—imported in the brig Neptune direct from Lisbon; Limes, Oranges, Figs, Raisins, preserved Prunes, &c. &c.

Soft shell'd Almonds, English Walnuts, &c.

Holland Gin of a superior quality, Cognac Brandy, W. I. and country Rum, Madeira and Teneriffe Wine, loaf, lump and brown Sugar, Molasses, best Green Coffee, Teas of different qualities, &c.

Smithfield Bacon Hams, Venison, Shad and Herrings, (intended for family use, and put up with particular attention,) Codfish, Mackerel, &c. &c.

Thomas Simms.

July 9.

FRUIT, GROCERIES, &c.

FOR SALE,

At the subscriber's Store on Union Street,

Forty boxes

LISBON LEMONS,

equal to any ever at this market—West India and New England Rum by the hhd. or barrel; French Brandy in pipes; Sugar in bls. nice Spanish Segars by the box; Salad Oil by the box or bottle; good English Cheese; Olives, soft shell'd Almonds by the hhd.; English Walnuts, Raisins by the box, Prunes, Figs, fresh Limes,

Nice Smithfield Bacon Hams,

of a small size, &c.

Abel Wil's.

July 5.

PROPOSALS,

For Printing by subscription a comprehensive de-

scription of

The Harbour of St. John's,

IN

The Island of Newfoundland.

With the occupation and amusements of the inhabitants; the government and trade of that important British island; concluding with sundry observations in relation to

The Court of Vice Admiralty

Established there—well worthy the attention of those merchants who are shippers to foreign markets.

By a person who resided there three months of the last Winter.

TERMS.—The work shall be printed on fine paper, and on delivery, subscribers to pay Four Shillings.

Subscriptions received at this Office.

July 12.

FRESH FRUIT

Of a superior quality.

JOHN A. BURFORD,

(Late Joseph Dyson's store, Prince street.)

Has this day received, per the brig

Nephtune, from Lisbon,

LEMONS by the box or smaller quantity,

800 lbs. soft shell'd Almonds,

500 lbs. English Walnuts,

10 boxes of preserved Prunes,

And some Sweat Meats,

All which are in excellent order, and the best

ever brought to this port.

Just received, per the brig Jo-

anna, from Newburyport, a few tierces first

quality SEED POTATOES.

July 5.

For BOSTON.

The Sloop POLLY,

S. Dunham, Master:

300 bbls. FREIGHT will be

taken on moderate terms, if immediate applica-

tion is made to the captain on board at Mer-

chant's Wharf, or to

Henry K. May and Co.

Who have for sale—Prime and Cargo Beef,

prime Pork, Cognac and Bordeaux Brandy,

Holland Gin, Hyslop and Young Hyslop Teas,

Jamaica Rum, heavy black Pepper, Pimento,

and London Market Madeira Wine,

July 3. d.w.

Lengths from thirty

feet upwards.

JUST ARRIVED,

From Nassau, New Providence, and for Sale on board the sloop Polly, Henry Mood, master.

At Lawrafon and Smo's wharf, a small cargo of

Fresh Pine Apples.

Only thirteen days taken from the trees

July 12.

WANTED,

At the Navy Yard, Washington,

A quantity of the following articles,

VIZ.

5 inch Oak Plank,

4 1/2 inch do.

3 inch do.

2 inch do.

3 inch yellow pine

Plank,

2 1/2 inch do.

2 inch do.

Locust Timnails, of 18 and 24 inches long.

Locust Timber, in the log.

Cedar do. do.

Beams of Yellow Pine and Oak Knees of vari-

ous sizes.

Proposals for supplying the whole or any part of the materials, specifying the particulars and the lowest price, will be received by the sub-

scriber until the first day of August next.

THOS. TINGEY.

Navy Yard, Washington,

July 10, 1804.

N. B. All further information which may be

required can be obtained, on application being

made at the Constructor's Office.

d.w.

PUBLIC SALE OF LANDS.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of the United States for the fifth circuit Virginia district, in the suit of Hepburn and Dundas against Thomas West, in chancery—will be

sold on the premises to the highest bidder, at Public Auction, for ready money, on Monday the 20th of August next, at 12 o'clock A. M.

if fair, if not, the next fair day at the same

hour,

A TRACT OF LAND,

situate on Hunting Creek, in the County of Fairfax and Commonwealth of Virginia, within one mile of the town of Alexandria, and near to the Cameron Mills, whereon Major Thomas West now resides, supposed to contain from fifty to

eighty acres.

Also,

on the same day will be offered for sale, The residue of said Thos. West's Land,

lying on the north west line of the patent of Carr and Simpson, adjacent to the tract before mentioned, not disposed of by the said Thomas West at the time certain mortgages were made by him to Hepburn and Dundas.

Richard M. Scott,

F. Peyton,

Amos Alexander,

July 12.

Public Sale.

ELEGANT FURNITURE.

To-Morrow, at 4 o'clock,
Will be sold at the Warehouse of JOHN B. TAYLOR, King Street, a variety of
Elegant Furniture,

CONSISTING OF

Side boards, tables with marble tops, cilleret side boards, secretaries book cases, card tables, breakfast and dining tables, bedsteads, candle stands, &c. &c.

Philip G. Marsteller.

July 24.

Public Sale.

On the 25th instant, will be sold on the premises, that valuable

STORE and LOT of GROUND on King, between Fairfax and Royal streets, at present occupied by Mr. William Oxley. The stand of the above property is equal to any in town. Terms will be made known at the place of sale,

Philip G. Marsteller.

July 24.

FOR SALE,

The handsome, well built, new Sch'r ARGUS.
Burthen 88 tons; now lying at Ricketts, Newton and Co's wharf. For terms apply to the owner on board.

Francis Litchfield.

July 24.

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FOR SALE,

Thirty five thousand White Oak Barrel STAVES,
By Wm. I. HALL.

Merchant's Wharf, July 23. e66t

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by Rob. and John Gray,
M E M O I R S

of
The LIFE of Dr. DARWIN.

By Anna Seward.

Price in boards. 1 dol. 75 cts.
Bound in Sheep. 2 — 00
Calf, gilt. 2 — 50

July 20.

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The subscriber will RENT and give immediate occupancy of his HOUSE and LOT.

Alexander Henderson.

July 12.

B E E F.

Five Hundred lbs. NAVY BEEF for sale by the subscribers on very moderate terms,

Henry K. May and Co.

July 16.

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Wanted to Hire,

A servant Woman: For one well acquainted with Cooking, Walking and House Work generally, liberal wages will be given.

Apply to the Printer.

July 16.

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Wanted to Hire,

A Negro Woman competent to the household business of a small family. As considerable trust will necessarily be reposed in her, liberal wages will be given to one of good character, and none else need apply.

Enquire of the Printer.

July 16.

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ROBERT and JOHN GRAY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

From New York and Philadelphia,

A NEW

Assortment of Books & Stationary,

among which are the following:

Motherby's Medical Dictionary, Lady's Museum, D'ion's Life of Petrarch, Dictionary of Natural History, Furgason's Astronomy, Tooke's Pantheon, Young's Latin Dictionary, Scoville's Lexicon, St. Pierre's Studies of Nature, Medical Extracts with plates, D'cameron's of Boccaccio's Practical Navigator, Federalist, Heide's Ariosto, Simpson's Euclid, Witman's Egypt, quarto, octavo and pocket Bibles, gilt and plain, Morocco Prayer Books, Bell's Surgery, Edinburgh New Dispensatory, Batley's Johnson's, Walker's and Perry's Dictionaries. An elegant assortment of

Paper Hangings,

A few choice Violins, Violin Strings and Bows, a complete assortment of German Flutes and Flageolets, and a great variety of other articles which will be advertised in a few days.

July 24.

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This Day is Published,
By COTTON and STEWART,
And for sale at their Bookstore,
(Price 12½ cents.)

LORENZO DOW's DREAM.
HIS SERMON

May also be had at the same place,

June 21.

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PAPERS

Relative to the affair between General Hamilton and Colonel Burr—continued from yesterday's Advertiser.

In the New-York Morning Chronicle we find the correspondence between general Hamilton and col. Burr; interspersed with a variety of remarks, which, as they professedly come from the second of colonel Burr, we think it our duty to republish. Our readers will judge whether they furnish an apology, on the part of col. Burr, for a transaction which has excited so much horror in the public mind. The correspondence is introduced in the following manner. (Gaz. U. States.)

STATEMENT.

The gentleman who accompanied col. Burr to the field in the late unfortunate contest, comes forward reluctantly with a statement on the subject, at a moment when any publication of the kind may expose his principal to judicial embarrassment, perhaps to very serious hazard.

In the following narrative, he disclaims the most distant idea of injuring the memory of the deceased, for whom, while living, he entertained sentiments of high respect, and for whose melancholy exit he, as also his principal, feels particular regret. The task devolved on him by the duties of his situation shall be discharged with fidelity, but with every delicacy the circumstances of the case can claim.

On the afternoon of the 17th June last, I received a note from Col. Burr, requesting me to call on him the following morning. Upon my arrival he observed that it had of late been frequently stated to him that general Hamilton had at different times, and upon various occasions used language and expressed opinions highly injurious to his reputation; and that he had for some time felt the necessity of calling on General Hamilton for some explanation of his conduct, but that the statement which had been made to him, did not appear sufficiently authentic to justify the measure—that a newspaper had however been recently put into his hands, in which he perceived a letter signed Ch: D. Cooper, containing something, which he thought demanded immediate investigation. Urged by these circumstances, and justified by the evident opinion of his friends, he had determined to write Gen. Hamilton a note upon the subject, which he requested me to deliver. I assented to his request, and on my return to the city which was at 11 o'clock the same morning, I delivered to General Hamilton the note which I received from Col. Burr, for that purpose, and of which the following is a copy.

[Here follows No. 1, already published; upon which the following remarks are made by Mr. Van Ness.]

General Hamilton read the note of Mr. Burr, and the printed letter of Mr. Cooper, to which it refers, and remarked that they required some consideration, and that in the course of the day he would send an answer to my office. At half past ten o'clock General Hamilton called at my house, and said that a variety of engagements would demand his attention during the whole of that day and the next, but that on Wednesday the 25th inst. he would furnish me with such an answer to Col. Burr's letter as he should deem most suitable and compatible with his feelings.

In the evening of Wednesday the 20th, while I was from home, the following letter addressed to Col. Burr was left at my house under cover to me.

[Here the explanatory letter of General Hamilton. No. 2, and Col. Burr's answer, No. 3, are inserted, to which the following remarks are subjoined.]

General Hamilton perused it and said it was such a letter as he hoped not to have received; that it contained several offensive expressions and seemed to close the door to all further reply—that he had hoped the answer he had returned to Col. Burr's first letter would have given a different direction to the controversy—that he thought Mr. Burr would have perceived that there was a difficulty in his making a more specific reply, and would have desired him to state what had fallen from him, that might have given rise to the inference of Dr. Cooper. He would have done this frankly; & he believed it would not have been found to exceed the limits justifiable among political opponents. If Mr. Burr should be disposed to give a different complexion to the discussion, he was willing to consider the last letter not delivered; but if the communication was not withdrawn he could make no reply, and Mr. Burr must pursue such course as he should deem most proper.

At the request of General Hamilton, I replied that I would detail these ideas to Col. Burr; but added that if in his first letter he had introduced the idea (if it was a correct one) that he could recollect the use of no terms that would justify the construction made by Dr. Cooper, it would in my opinion have opened a door for accommodation—General Hamilton then repeated the same objections to this measure which were stated in substance in his first letter to Col. Burr.

When I was about to leave him, he observed that if I preferred it, he would commit his refusal to writing, I replied that if he had resolved not to answer Col. Burr's letter, that I could report that to him verbally, without giving him the trouble of writing it. He again repeated his determination not to answer—and that Col. Burr must pursue such course as he should deem most proper.

In the afternoon of this day, I reported to Col. Burr at his house out of town, the answer and determination of General Hamilton and promised to call on him again in the evening, to learn his further wishes. I was detained in town however this evening, by some private business, and did not call on Col. Burr, until the following morning, Saturday the 23d inst. I then received from him a letter for General Hamilton which is numbered 4, but as will presently be explained, never was delivered, the substance of it will be found in No. 12. [No. 10 as published in this Gazette.]

[Here follows Mr. Van Ness's note to general Hamilton in the country numbered 4, in this Gazette, and the General's answer; after which the following remarks, and col. Burr's note not before published.]

At nine o'clock, on Monday the 25th inst. I called on general Hamilton, at his house in Cedar-street, to present the letter No. 4, already alluded to, and with instructions for a verbal communication, of which the following notes No. 7, handed me by Mr. Burr, were to be the basis—The substance of which though in terms as much softened as my instructions would permit, was accordingly communicated to gen. Hamilton.

No. VII.

A. B. far from conceiving that rivalry authorizes a latitude not otherwise justifiable, always feels greater delicacy in such cases, and would think it mean to speak of a rival but in terms of respect; to do justice to his merits; to be silent of his foibles. Such has invariably been his conduct towards say, Adams, and Hamilton; the only three who can be supposed to have stood in that relation to him.

That he has too much reason to believe that in regard to Mr. Hamilton, there has been no reciprocity; for several years his name has been lent to the support of base slanders. He has never had the generosity, the magnanimity, or the candor to contradict or disavow. Burr forbears to particularize as it could only tend to produce new irritations; but having made great sacrifices for the sake of harmony, having exercised forbearance until it approached to humiliation, he has seen no effect produced by such conduct, but a repetition of injury—He is obliged to conclude that there is on the part of Mr. Hamilton, a settled, an implacable malice; that he never will cease in his conduct towards Mr. Burr to violate these courtesies of life, & that hence he has no alternative but to announce these things to the world, which consistent with Mr. Burr's ideas of propriety, can be done in no way but that which he has adopted. He is incapable of revenge, still less is he capable of imitating the conduct of Mr. Hamilton, by committing secret depredations on his fame and character; but these things must have an end.

Before I delivered the written communication with which I was charged, General Hamilton said that he had prepared a written reply to Col. Burr's letter of the 21st, which he had left with Mr. [Pendleton] and wished me to receive—I answered that the communication I had to make to him was predicated upon the idea that he would make no reply to Mr. Burr's letter of the 21st inst. and that I had so understood him in our conversation of the 22d—Gen. Hamilton said that he believed before I left him he had proffered a written reply. I observed that when he answered verbally, he had offered to put that refusal in writing, but that if he had now prepared a written reply, I would receive it with pleasure. I accordingly called on Mr. [Pendleton] on the same day, Monday, June 25, between one and two o'clock P. M. and stated to him the result of my recent interview with Gen. Hamilton, and the reference he had made to him.

I then received from Mr. *** the letter No. 8, which follows:

[This was the letter of General Hamilton, numbered 5 in our publication, upon which Mr. V. N. remarks as follows.]

The letter was unsealed, but I did not read it in his presence—After some conversation relative to what Gen. Hamilton would say on the subject of the present controversy, during which Mr. *** read from a paper his ideas on the subject, he left me for the purpose of seeing and consulting Mr. Hamilton, taking the paper with him. In about an hour he called at my house, I informed him that I had shown to Col. Burr, the letter he had given me from Gen. Hamilton, that in his opinion it amounted to nothing more than the verbal reply I had already reported, that it left the business precisely where it then was, that Mr. Burr had very explicitly stated the injuries he had received and the reparation he demanded, and that he did not think it proper to be asked now for further explanation. Towards the conclusion of the conversation, I informed him that Col. Burr required a general disavowal of any intention on the part of Gen. Hamilton, in his various conversations to convey expressions derogatory to the honor of Mr. Burr. Mr. *** replied that he believed General Hamilton would have no objections to make such declaration, and left me for the purpose of consulting him, requesting me to call in the course of the afternoon for an answer. I called on him accordingly about 3 o'clock. He then observed, that Gen. Hamilton declined making such a disavowal as I had stated in our last conversation; that he, Mr. *** did not then perceive the whole force and extent of it; and presented me with the following paper No. 9, which I transmitted in the evening to Mr. Burr.

[This is Gen. H's proposition numbered 7. The result of this proposition is thus related by Mr. V. N.]

The following day, Tuesday the 26th of June, as early as was convenient, I had an interview with Col. Burr, who informed me that he considered General Hamilton's proposition as a mere evasion, that evinced a desire to leave the injurious impression which had arisen from the conversations of Gen. Hamilton in full force. That when he had undertaken to investigate an injury his honor had sustained, it would be unworthy of him not to make that investigation complete. He gave me further instructions which are substantially contained in the following letter to Mr. *** No. 10.

[Here No. VIII. of former statement.]

In the evening of the same day, I received from him the following answer.

[Here No. IX. of former statement.]

I transmitted this to Col. Burr, and after a conference with him, in which I received his further instructions, and that no misunderstanding might arise from verbal communication, I committed to writing the remarks contained in No. 10, which follows.

[Here No. X. of former statement.]

I handed this to Mr. *** at 12 o'clock on Wednesday the 18th inst. After he had perused it agreeable to my instructions, I delivered the message, which it is unnecessary to repeat. The request it contained was acceded to. After which Mr. *** remarked, that the court was then sitting, in which Gen. Hamilton had much business to transact, and that he had also some private arrangements to make, which would render some delay unavoidable. I acceded to his wish, and Mr. *** said he would call on me again in the course of the day or the following morning, to conier further relative to time and place.

Thursday, June 28th, 10 o'clock P. M. Mr. *** called on me with a paper, which he said, contained some remarks on the letter I had yesterday answered him. I replied, that if the paper he offered contained a definite and specific proposition for an accommodation, I would with pleasure receive it and submit it to the consideration of my principal, if not I must decline taking it, as Mr. Burr conceived the correspondence completely terminated by the acceptance of my principal. Mr. *** replied, that the paper did not contain any proposition of the kind I alluded to, but remarks on my last letter—I of course declined receiving it. Mr. *** then took leave, and said that he would call again in a day or two, to arrange time and place.

Tuesday, July 3, again saw Mr. *** and after a few subsequent interviews, the

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Mr. ***'s letter
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ain saw Mr. ***,
interviews, the

ne where the parties were to meet was
timately fixed the morning of the 11th
uly inst.

The occurrences of that interview will
appear from the following statement, No.
3, which has been drawn up and mutually
agreed to by the seconds of the parties.

No. XIII.

Col. Burr arrived first on the ground as
had been previously agreed; when general
Hamilton arrived the parties exchanged
salutations, and the seconds proceeded to
make their arrangements. They measured
the distance, ten full paces, and cast
lots for the choice of the position, as also
to determine by whom the word should be
given, both of which fell to the second of
General Hamilton. They then proceeded
to load the pistols at each others presence,
after which the parties took their stations.

The gentleman who was to give the
word, then explained to the parties the
rules which were to govern them in firing,
which were as follows: The parties being
placed at their stations—the second who
gives the word shall ask them whether they
are ready; being answered in the affirmative,
he shall say "present," after this the
parties shall present and fire when they
please. If one fires before the other, the
opposite second shall say, one, two, three,
fire; and he shall then fire or lose his fire." He
then asked if they were prepared, being
answered in the affirmative, he gave the
word present, as had been agreed on,
and both parties took aim, and fired in
succession, the intervening time is not ex-
pressed, as the seconds do not precisely
agree on that point.

The fire of col. Burr took effect, and
gen. Hamilton almost instantly fell, col.
Burr then advanced toward gen. Hamilton,
with a manner and gesture that ap-
peared to gen. Hamilton's friend to be ex-
pressive of regret, but, without speaking,
turned about and withdrew, being urged
from the field by his friend, as has been
subsequently stated, with a view to pre-
vent his being recognized by the surgeon
and bargemen, who were then approaching.
No further communication took place be-
tween the principals, and the barge that
carried col. Burr immediately returned to
the city.

We conceive it proper to add that the
conduct of the parties, in this interview,
was perfectly proper as suited the occa-
sion.

BOSTON, July 17.

FROM FRANCE.

By the ship Weymouth, captain Rich,
from Bordeaux, French papers to May 14,
have been received.

They contain many addresses to Bonaparte,
requesting him to accept of the title
of Emperor. If there were no other rea-
sons to shew these addressers were unneces-
sary, sufficient will be seen in the proceed-
ings of the Tribune, where it is avowed,
that the establishment of monarchy has
been long contemplated, and that the con-
sulship was merely intended as an inter-
mediate step.

PARIS, May 17.

Yesterday an extraordinary meeting of
the Senate was held. All the ministers
were present except the minister of foreign
relations, who was indisposed. Three o-
rators of the council of state were present.

It is presumed that this Senate had for its
object, the presentation of the important
Senatus Consulta that is looked for, with
impatience by all France. We are assur-
ed it contains more than 143 articles, divid-
ed into four titles.

Yesterday a Grand Council of State was
held.

The Conservative Senate is to meet this
day, to hear the report of its committee upon
the Senatus Consulta.

The trial of Moreau and others is said
to be definitely fixed for the 25th of May.

General Lassale, commander of the 4th
regiment of Veterans, and a member of
the Legion of Honor, addressed the fol-
lowing speech to the Veterans under him
assembled on the 2d instant, at Maubert
Place.

Comrades!—The departments—the ar-
my in general—being well apprized of the
incredible services which the First Consul
has rendered to France, as well by re-
covering and extending its frontiers, as by
re-establishing the public worship by the
encouragement given to industry, by giving
to the world peace, which the peridy
of England alone has interrupted, are de-
sirous, in order to insure our happiness,
to recompense his extraordinary virtues by
a title more exalted; and to prevent civil

wars, the consequence of elections, by the
establishment of a succession in the family
of "Dieu donne," (the gift of God) our
Deliverer.

Your commanders are anxious to vote
an address to him, to request of him this
new benefit. I invite you, in the name of
the gratitude we owe him, of the admira-
tion he inspires us with, and of the future
happiness of the state, to add your signa-
tures to ours, in order to confirm to him,
that his former brother-soldiers have a just
sense of his merits, and that they nominate
him Emperor.

It is the desire of Victory.

Addresses to the French Government
for the establishment of Monarchy have
been sent from the cities of Strasburg,
Cologne, Nancy, Mayence, Bruges, Mont-
pellier, Versailles, Orleans, Caen, Haye,
Dunkirk, and Aix-la-Chapelle, Mezienes,
Gend, Dijon, Trevers, D'Evreuv, Tois-
sons, the department of Jemapes, Morbihan
and l'Oise.

The people of Lyons have asked for the
honor of having Bonaparte crowned in that
city.

The Legislative body was to meet at Pa-
ris July 14, when it was expected the coro-
nation would take place.

A man who publicly called himself the
Dauphin of France, has been arrested at
Marseilles, and sent to the house where
persons deranged in mind are kept.

NEW-YORK, July 20.

Capt. Lee from Tobago, informs that 7
days before he sailed an expedition had arrived
from Barbadoes, supposed to be destined
against Martinique. At Tobago, flour 10
dollars, corn 5 dols 50 cents, bread 6 dols.
50 cents, puncheons corn meal 26 dollars,
hams 20 cents, rye flour 7 dols. pork 25
dols. beef 19 dollars, lumber from 35 to 40
dollars, shingles 8 dols. ship stuff 6 dols.
pilot bread 9 dollars, rum 50 cents, molas-
ses 33 cents, sugars, (muscovado,) 8 dols.
no coffee nor cotton.

Captain Shepherd, of the brig Nancy,
from Guadalupe, informs, that six or
seven French privateers, carrying from 12
to 16 guns, were ready for sea, and bound
to the St. Domingo station at his sailing—
that there were only two prizes sent into
Guadalupe for three or four weeks be-
fore he sailed—one an English ship, from
England, the other a Bermuda sloop laden
with onions.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 25.

IN COMMON COUNCIL, 24th July, 1804.

Ordered, That the street commissioners
be authorised to use their discretion in
laying stone for the use of the corporation,
and that they make the best bargain they
can for the wharfage thereof.

Ordered, That the street commissioners
do proceed to fill up a lot, the property of
Thompson & Veitch, fronting on Pitt, be-
tween Cameron and King Streets, to such
height as they may think necessary to re-
move any nuisance that may exist thereon,
provided the funds are placed in their hands
for that purpose.

On the application of Messrs. M'Leod
and Lumsdon, *It is ordered*, That the col-
lection of a fine imposed on them for ne-
glecting to fill up a piece of sunken ground
near King Street, be suspended until the
further order of Council.

Ordered, That the Superintendent of Police
be requested to pay particular attention to
the execution of the duties formerly at-
tached to the Wardens of the Town.

Ordered, That the members of the Coun-
cil and each officer of the Corporation, be
furnished with copies of the printed laws,
and that the remainder of the said laws be
distributed under the direction of the Pre-
sident of the Council.

Test,

JAMES M. M'REA, c. c.

Capt. Dagget, arrived at Newburyport
on the 16th instant, from Marseilles, in-
forms, that while he lay in that port, capt.
Jackson arrived there from Massena, and
acquainted him that he had seen a letter
from Mr. Gibbs of Palermo, which mentioned
that the Tunisians had formally de-
clared War against the United States on
the 16th March; and that they had sent
out a considerable force against the Amer-
ican vessels. The same letter adds, that
the Neapolitans had sent a number of ships
against the Tunisian privateers.

Capt. D. further adds, that an Italian

vessel, whic' arrived at Marseilles on the
21st of July, brought intelligence of the
fitting out of several Tunisian ships; and
that the American consul had quitted that
Regency.

Captain Richards, from Trinity (Mart.)
informs, that the British were making eve-
ry preparation to attack the Island of Mai-
tinique and it was understood, that a num-
ber of troops had sailed from Antigua,
with an intention of joining the fleet to
windward. The attack was daily expect-
ed. Produce, low as yet, but expected
shortly to rise.

The following beautiful lines are taken from
the New-York Citizen.

THE GRAVE OF HAMILTON.

Soft beam thy rays, fair daughter of the skies,
With rich profuse gilding over this scene
Of deep repose and death; each vagrant breeze
Lie hush'd within its cell, in seeming fear
The solemn calm of nature should be broken—
Save when a solitary zephyr's found
Sighing, in mournful cadence, through the trees
Seems like a parted spirit's whispering voice
Which tells of woe to come—
A chilly horror rushes through my frames,
As o'er this sad sepulchral scene I tread,
With flow and winding step—left on some grave
Haste might impel my feet—nor you, ye wise,
Smile at the superfluous fond, which deems
The act unholy, and a sacrilege
To nature's laws—oh, rather join, and pray
The re'ntence due, to nature's sad remains.
This is the spot my wand'ring feet have sought,
The last receptacle of him, who once
Was great and good—ala! I now far beyond
The reach of common cures; h's it was
To blend each nobler quality which forms
The soldier, statesman, and endearing friend
In happy union; his the feeling heart
Which to the tender charities of life,
Beat in kind union; th' electric power
Of genius was his own in such degree
That all stood mute before him; awful lesson
To man's fond vanity; that Hamilton
Whose wisdom, goodness, valor, were almost
Beyond all parallel, has bow'd beneath
Death's iron sceptre, and but late entomb'd
That eye, whose lightning poke the soul with-
in,
Those lips, whose sounds in pleasing fetters held
Each ear attentive, moulder in the dust.
Bright dart the moon beams o'er his lowly grave,
And by their silv'ry light, methinks I read
A name to him allied, his eldest hope:
Heart piercing sigh! here, side by side arrang'd,
Father and Son lie wrapt in long repose!
Alike untimely fallen, victims alike
To honor—tyrant of the feeling heart.
O hapless mother! widow'd wife what words
Can paint thine anguish? Scarce 'tis streaming
tears
Which deep maternal sorrow taught to flow,
Were dry'd from thy pale cheek, when this rude
bow
Struck at the beam of peace that still remain'd,
And tore it from thy breast. May each blest
power,
Kind guardians of the good, with constant care
Support thy g'et worn heart; and resignation
Upon't y bosom shod her healing dew.
For him who lies, this fair'd dust beneath,
Vain is our deep regret; a nation's tears;
A nation's prayers could not avail to add
One moment to his life; yet to ourselves,
A soothing melancholy pleasure springs
From ev'ry tribute rendered to his worth;
How justly all must know—son man's still
Dishonored to trace the youthful warrior's steps
From field to field, but chiefly lovel to dwell
On sou'ern plains, where York extends her
bounds;
Where to the desperate charge, his troops he led,
Then on the vanquished foe benignly smil'd.
Sure angels from their bright abode lock'd
down
And blest a victim worthy of a hero.
Unmark'd with blood's stain, staining stain,
Valor and mercy for his youthful brow.
A laurel crown entw'nd with fairest flowers
Perennial intermix'd—it'll shall it bloom,
Though "cold and motionless" the hand that
won it,
And to remotest ages give its sweets,
But why recount his deeds in war or peace,
O'er all Columbia's wide extended shores
His name long since was heard who did not know
In worth and valor few were found his equals—
In genius none—Then be his well earned fame
Confid'd to a grateful people's care.

CLARA.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, ARRIVED,

Ship Hero, Cole,
Brig Nancy, Spalding,
Schr. P. Lily and Sally, Keith,
Sloop Diana, Lewis,
Little Jim, Butler,
British sloop Polly, Darrell,

CLEARED,

Brig Joanna, Rutheford,
Schr. Patriot, Hodson,
Saucy Jack, Speak,
Hope, Hamilton,
Sloop President, Richardson,

COLUMBIA, Gardner,
Barbadoes, N. York,

Norfolk, Trinidad,
Baltimore, St. Domingo,
New York, Turks Island

Public Sale.

On Saturday the 28th instant, will be
sold at the house of James Douglass, Roy.
Street,

A Negro Woman Slave, about 45

years of age, and four Children. Also,

One Horse, three Cows, and a va-

riety of Bedding and Household Furniture.

Philip G. Marsteller.

July 25.

For NEW-YORK,

The fast sailing Sloop

LITTLE JIM,

Thomas V. Buller, Master;
burthen about 400 ls. For Freight or Passage
apply to the captain on board at Merchant's
Wharf, or

Daniel Murgatroyd,

King street.

Who has for Sale,

Barbon Gurrall,
Nimpoesic Coles,
Chittabull Battas,
Champore C. R. S.,
Jantally M. Moodys,
Johanna Lawns,
Table Cloths,
4th pr. of Jamaica Rum,
Country Gin, and
A few lbs. N. York Cargo Pork.

July 25.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,

A. 24th July, 1804.

SEVERAL of the proprietors of ground in
the square comprehend'd between King, Water,
Prince and Union Streets, having neglected to
fill up the same to the regulation of the streets,
agreeably to an order of Council dated the 20th
ultimo; the Superintendent of Police is hereby
directed to post in the only required, at the ex-
pence of the Corporation, and afterwards to re-
cover the amount thereof from the defaulters re-
spectively, in the manner prescribed for the recov-

ery of other public claims.

Elisha C. Dick,

Mayor of Alexandria.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber being about to remove from
Alexandria, offers for sale, on the most moderate
terms, his large, commodious, and well finished

DWELLING HOUSE,
Two Lots of Ground, Stable, Carriage
House, &c.

The premises possess almost every convenience
necessary for the accommodation of a genteel fa-
mily, and are situate on King street, in the cen-
tre of business; the house contains eight rooms,
with six fire places, closets, &c. If not sold
within two weeks it will be let.

JAMES KENNEDY, sen.

King Street,

Especially informs the Public that he has received, from Lee & Co's Patent and Family Medicin Store, New York, a fresh aportment of the following

Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded could be purchased at a retail Store.

TAKE NOTICE,

That J. Kennedy, sen. is appointed the ONLY Agent for Alexandria.

Dr. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obstinate Coughs, Asthma, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and Approaching Consumption.

To parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable—the Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen,

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henry, Bridge-Street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's Elixir of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a severe cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper, he has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints, and desires to give this public testimony in favour of this invaluable medicine.

Dr. Hamilton's

GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—residence in climates unfavourable to the constitution—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance—the unskillful or excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females, at a certain period of life—badly lying in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of

Nervous disorders, Violent cramps in the Confinings, Stomach and back, Losses of spirits, Indigestion, Loss of appetite, Melancholy, Gout in the stomach, Hysterical affections, Pains in the limbs, Inward weaknesses, Relaxations, Seminal weaknesses, Involuntary emissions, Fluoribus, (or whites) Obtinate gouts, Barrenness, Impotency, &c. &c.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment for cordial could repair a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE and EXTRACT of MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, palsies, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c. &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaints than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn,

Wythe county, Virginia.

Gentlemen,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had laboured for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the *Materia Medica*, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

P. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope-maker, South Second Street, between Mary and Christian Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily makes oath as follows, namely, that his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated, the consequence of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted: when seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were purchased from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second-Street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before Ebenezer Foron, Esq. one of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia County.

HAMILTON'S

WORM-DESTROYING LOZENGES.

Which have within four years past cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions or fountains in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence on the contrary, particular a excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution; contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all sorts humours and corruptions; feverish and bilious complaints, and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on children.

Description and the symptoms, of Worms which by they are known.

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Liver or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small round worm, the Thuringia, or short, flat, white worm, and lastly the Aper, or tape worm, so called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful, and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—Itching in the nose and about the fest—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fetid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sicknesses in the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with bowels of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to HAMILTON'S WORM-DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

CASES OF CURES—by Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges.

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any person may ascertain, either by letter or personal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn-keeper, on the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about 20 months ago to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by its writhing motions and incolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any business—when he heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the possession of Lee & Co.)—but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigour—Application was made to Lee & Co. for more of their medicine, with their advice—from which resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbours, and himself will gratify any who may wish to make further inquiries on the subject. Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, Yorktown, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLTHORPE, minister of the Moravian church, in Yorktown.

YORK, January 4th, 1802.

Dear Sir,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms. I procured a box for the use of my family, to try, whether by means of this medicine, I might be enabled to gain a point, which to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time; in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a substance to all appearance a mere mucus but upon close inspection quite repelled with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly-ache, or any of those disagreeable sensations, so often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the which I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off bilious substance, which engenders so much indolition both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,

JOHN MOLTHORPE.

Dr. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them, root and branch, without giving pain.

The GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, as an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals (the basis of other lotions) and unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing blemishes in the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, tauri, tatters, ring worms, sun burns, prickly heat, &c.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, infallible perspiration which is essential to health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, improving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an hideous one more so.

The RESTORATIVE POWDER for the

TEETH and GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all that acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Dr. HAHN'S GENUINE EYE-WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, declivities of rheum, dulness, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

TOOTHACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

The SOVEREIGN OINTMENT for theITCH,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy, &c. &c.

cation, and may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or onants containing in old, a weeknot apart of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

THE ANODYNE BILIXIR.

For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC.

A safe and speedy remedy for the venerial disease.

An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

IS RECOMMENDED

Dr. HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions—to reanimate and amend the appetite—to procure a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with fatal consequences—a dose never fails to remove a cold, taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual coldness—sicknes in the stomach, and severe head ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

Sold likewise by S. Pleasants, Richmond; Ross and Douglass, Petersburgh; T. Green, Frederickburgh; G. Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr. Miller, Winchester; R. Greenhow, Williamsburg; and J. Shaw, Leeburg.

Robert and John Gray

Have just received,

A SUPPLY of Super Royal,

Royal,

Medium,

Deny,

Folio and

Quarto Peft

And Folio cap

July 18

WRITING
PAPER.

July 18

Notice is hereby given,

To the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, that a dividend of four and a half per cent, on the capital Stock of said Bank for the half year ending this day is declared, and will be ready to be paid to them, or their representatives, on Thursday next, the 5th instant.

By order of the President and Directors,

Gurden Chapin, Cashier.

July 2

4 dw

POTOMACK COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, That an

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held according to law, at Gadsby's tavern in Alexandria, on Monday the 6th day of August next, when the Treasurer's account, with other papers as relate to the Company's affairs, will be laid before them for their consideration.

By Order,

Joseph Carleton,

Treasurer for the Potomack Company.

July 7

BENNETT and WATTS

Have just received and offer for Sale for Cash or

Notes at a short date,

Best Crown Window Glass of

various sizes,

T. C. Millington's Crowley Steel,

Irish Linens, Diapers and Table Cloths,

White and brown Russia Sheetings,

German Dowls and Pistillas,

Imperial and } TEA of the first quality.

Young Hyson } July 20.

101 dw 2 dw 3 dw

20 dw 30 dw

40 dw 50 dw

60 dw 70 dw

80 dw 90 dw

100 dw 110 dw

120 dw 130 dw

140 dw 150 dw

160 dw 170 dw

180 dw 190 dw